Date Effective: May 2023
Date for Review: May 2026
ECPAT International acknowledges the core funding support for its overall organisational objectives from the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (Sida) and Oak Foundation. The opinions expressed in this document belong solely to ECPAT International. Support from these donors does not constitute endorsement of the views expressed.


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We stand firmly against all forms of violence against children, including all forms of sexual abuse and exploitation against children. This commitment is at the very core of our mission at ECPAT International.

We are united in this fight, mobilising all ECPAT members, staff, consultants, interns, partners, board members and anyone associated with our work to make sure children can enjoy their rights in a safe and secure environment.

This Child Safeguarding Policy is a testimony to our dedication and commitment to ensure we have the necessary guidance, procedures, and tools to prevent any forms of harm committed against children associated with our work and to address any risks or occurrences of harm resulting from our activity or the ones of our partners.

We will continue to work with children, young people, ECPAT members, partners, staff, and others to implement and review our efforts, learn from our experiences, and continuously update our approach to offer a safe, secure, and empowering environment for children and challenge the systemic drivers that facilitate harm caused to children in this world.

I will lead ECPAT’s efforts to ensure we have a tolerance zero to incidences that can create damage to children. We are committed to proactively preventing harm, and to adequately responding to cases. We consider it a priority to engage with stakeholders to create conditions for ensuring and promoting the protection of children and their rights across everything we do and with everyone associated with our work and network.

Guillaume Landry
Executive Director,
ECPAT International
INTRODUCTION

ECPAT International affirms the right of every child to protection from all forms of violence, abuse, neglect, and exploitation. This Child Safeguarding Policy outlines our commitment to protecting children in everything that we do. It details the concrete preventative and responsive measures that we, as the ECPAT International Secretariat, will take to live up to our responsibility to prevent and address any form of harm against children because of any association or contact with the ECPAT International Secretariat and our work. This Child Safeguarding Policy provides guidance on the behaviours expected to ensure we protect the children we are in contact with and promote their well-being. It describes the prevention and education measures we implement, and the way concerns can be raised and will be handled in a timely and appropriate manner. It also outlines the consequences for persons and organisations associated with ECPAT who do not abide by the Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct and clarifies the specific actions that ECPAT International will take to ensure robust implementation of the policy.

This policy is informed by the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989).

This policy does not cover safeguarding concerns against adults in the workplace or in the community. This is detailed in the Prevention of Sexual Abuse, Exploitation and Harassment policy.

Child Safeguarding

Child safeguarding is the responsibility that organisations have to make sure their staff, operations, and programmes do no harm to children, that is that they do not expose children to the risk of harm and abuse, and that any concerns the organisation has about children’s safety within the communities in which they work, are reported to the appropriate authorities.¹

While ECPAT International recognises that safeguarding children is a broader scope than just upholding their right to protection (as defined in the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, 1989), this Child Safeguarding Policy is primarily focused on the harm potentially caused to children by association with our organisation rather than the promotion and protection of child rights in general.

Children are at risk or victims of various forms of harm across the world. They may be abused in their family or community, sexually exploitation in prostitution, in trafficking, abuse can be facilitated by digital technologies, or in the travel and tourism sectors, amongst many others. This causes significant harm to children, and it is our mission to prevent and address this. This is our core area of programming. While we recognise the urgency to address these many forms of violence against children, they are outside our direct control and therefore do not form part of this policy if not created or generated by an ECPAT International staff or any individual or supplier contracted by our organisation or by our interventions.

**Why Do We Need a Child Safeguarding Policy?**

As the ECPAT International Secretariat, we affirm our fundamental commitment to preventing and addressing sexual abuse and exploitation against children, amongst other forms of harm. A culture of ethics, safety and accountability is essential for our organisation and this policy lays out how we plan to live up to our commitments to safeguarding children and provides guidance on the behaviour expected of ECPAT staff and any contracted individual or organisation to prevent and respond to harm.

Violence against children is a global problem potentially affecting any child. Children’s intersecting identities such as disability, ethnic minority, gender identities and sexual orientations are additional factors that can lead to risks of harm. While most child abuse occurs within families and communities, children can experience abuse and exploitation everywhere, including in the very organisations that are supposed to protect them and provide them with support and services. While physical, emotional abuse, and neglect in organisations is often unintended, the result of poor conditions, lack of awareness or clear guidelines for behaviour and negligent management, child sexual abuse and exploitation in organisations may be planned and premeditated.

Persons with sexual interests in children may target organisations working with children and where their abuse may go undetected. The inherent power differences between organisations like ours and children and communities heighten the risks of abuse and exploitation. This is why we are committed to create a protective culture and put all reasonable and appropriate measures in place to prevent harm generated as a result of our organisation’s actions to occur and to timely address and redress it when it may occur.

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**Scope of the Child Safeguarding Policy**

This Child Safeguarding Policy outlines the child safeguarding commitments that apply to anyone directly engaged with or employed by the ECPAT International Secretariat. This would include but is not limited to, **ECPAT International Secretariat staff, consultants, volunteers, members of the Board, visitors, implementing partners, and suppliers**.

Throughout this policy, they are referred to as ECPAT staff and contracted individuals or suppliers.

Organisations that are official members of the ECPAT International network are not directly bound by this specific policy, unless they are in a contractual relationship with the ECPAT International Secretariat. Nevertheless, all ECPAT members are expected to develop and implement equivalent standards for safeguarding children.

This Child Safeguarding Policy is mandatory for all ECPAT International Secretariat staff and contracted individuals or suppliers to follow and always implement, **during working and non-working hours**. This is because, by being associated with the ECPAT International Secretariat, all staff and contracted individuals and suppliers agree to live by a set of core values to keep children safe and protected, with their bests interest in mind. In addition, working for or being contracted by ECPAT International Secretariat implies that you may be associated with the organisation even outside of working hours, therefore the organisation expects compliance to the Child Safeguarding Policy at all times.

The Child Safeguarding Policy is accompanied by **Overall Safeguarding Procedures** which detail the practical actions that the ECPAT International Secretariat will take to ensure robust and consistent implementation of the policy.

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2 A supplier is any company or agency that is contracted to provide a service to the organisation.

3 ECPAT staff is anyone who is on the ECPAT organisational chart, regardless of the legal arrangements; and any intern.
While we tried to make this Child Safeguarding Policy as comprehensive as possible, given the diverse range of settings and programmes implemented by the ECPAT International Secretariat and the large partnership that we nurture, there may be circumstances which are not foreseen or covered in this policy, or questions about the implementation of the policy and its related measures. In these cases, ECPAT staff and contracted individuals or suppliers should refer to their supervisor or to the Safeguarding Focal Point for further advice. Not knowing cannot be used as an excuse for inadequate implementation of the Child Safeguarding Policy.

ECPAT recognises that there are concerns which are outside the organisation's control. For example, ECPAT staff and others may witness child protection concerns in their wider community, such as children working on the street late at night. While recognising that ECPAT staff and others are understandably sensitive to these wider 'external' concerns, they are outside the direct control of ECPAT, and as such are not covered by this policy. It is however necessary to ensure ECPAT staff and others can report their concerns to the local existing service providers or authorities. The Safeguarding Focal Point or supervisors may be able to support in this regard, but these concerns will not be recorded as part of this policy.

Our Commitments

ECPAT International vision is to bring about the elimination of sexual exploitation of children, and to encourage the world community to ensure that children everywhere enjoy their fundamental rights free and secure from all forms of sexual exploitation. This policy outlines our commitments to apply high ethical, moral and legal principles in all we do.

We believe in putting children’s rights and safety at the heart of our mission and children’s best interests should always be our primary consideration. We are committed to actively combat discrimination, gender and any other form of inequality and harmful practices, while respecting the diverse cultural makeup of ECPAT International and its associated members and partners.

As an organisation, we are committed to take concrete steps to develop an evolving safeguarding culture and to ensure robust safeguarding measures are in place to protect the children we and our partners are in contact with through our work.

Our Guiding Principles

ECPAT International is guided by the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC) and is committed to promoting and respecting children’s rights.

We are guided by the core principles of the UN CRC of non-discrimination, the right to survival and development, the importance of ensuring the views of children are expressed and given due weight, and to ensuring the best interests of the child are paramount and central to all our actions.

Other principles guiding our action include the ‘Do no harm’ principle and our organisation’s responsibility to minimise the risks of harm we could cause inadvertently as a result of our actions; a survivor-centred approach, meaning that we will engage with victims and survivors in a way that prioritises their needs, safety, rights and well-being and we will take the necessary measures and allocate adequate resources for the measures to be implemented in the best interests of the child; we also take a child-centred approach which means we keep the child in focus when making decisions about their lives and working in partnership with them and their families. We are responsible and accountable for our actions which means we recognise that everybody has a responsibility

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5 The ‘do no harm’ principle is the organisations’ responsibility to minimise the harm they may be doing inadvertently as a result of their organisational activities.
to support the protection of children, not just designated staff, and we will act in a manner that is transparent and will monitor progress and compliance; and we want in partnership and collaboration, recognising that we have a responsibility to support our partners in meeting minimum requirements to protect children.

Definitions

ECPAT International subscribes to and promotes the Terminology Guidelines for the Protection of Children from Sexual Exploitation and Sexual Abuse (Luxembourg Guidelines), including important projects that contextualise and translate terminology into languages other than English. Included below are key definitions of child abuse related to this Child Safeguarding Policy. For additional definitions, please refer to Annex 1, ECPAT International Safeguarding Definitions.

**Child:** is understood as any person under the age of 18, regardless of national legislation.

**Child Safeguarding:** Child safeguarding is defined as the actions and commitments an organization takes to safeguard all children with whom the organization and its staff and others come into contact with. In its broadest sense, child protection is a term used to describe the actions that individuals, organisations, countries, and communities take to protect children from acts of abuse and exploitation e.g., domestic violence, child labour, commercial and sexual exploitation and abuse, HIV, and physical violence, to name but a few.

**Child sexual exploitation:** A form of sexual abuse that involves children being engaged in any sexual activity in exchange for money, gifts, food, accommodation, affection, status, or anything else that they or their family needs. It usually involves a child being manipulated or coerced, which may involve befriending children, gaining their trust, and subjecting them to drugs and alcohol. The abusive relationship between victim and perpetrator involves an imbalance of power where the victim's options are limited. It is a form of abuse that can be misunderstood by children and adults as consensual.

**Emotional abuse:** Persistent emotional maltreatment that impacts on a child's emotional development. Emotionally abusive acts include restriction of movement, degrading, humiliating, bullying (including cyber bullying), and threatening, scaring, discriminating, ridiculing or other non-physical forms of hostile or rejecting treatment.

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6 Definitions taken from Keeping Children Safe.

7 Keeping Children Safe (2016). The International Child Safeguarding Standards: What they are and how to implement them.
**Neglect and negligent treatment:** Allowing for context, resources and circumstances, neglect and negligent treatment refers to a persistent failure to meet a child’s basic physical and/or psychological needs, which is likely to result in serious impairment of a child’s healthy physical, spiritual, moral and mental development. It includes the failure to properly supervise and protect children from harm and provide for nutrition, shelter and safe living/working conditions. It may also involve maternal neglect during pregnancy as a result of drug or alcohol misuse and the neglect and ill treatment of a disabled child.

**Physical abuse:** Actual or potential physical harm perpetrated by another person, adult, or child. It may involve hitting, shaking, poisoning, drowning, and burning. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of or deliberately induces illness in a child.

**Sexual abuse:** Forcing or enticing a child to take part in sexual activities that he or she does not fully understand and has little choice in consenting to. This may include, but is not limited to, rape, oral sex, penetration, or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing, and touching. It may also include involving children in looking at, or producing sexual images, watching sexual activities, and encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways.
PREVENTION

Putting actions into practice to prevent harm to children

Safeguarding children is everyone’s responsibility across the organisation. To be effective in preventing harm, it is critical to understand, assess and regularly review the type of risks children could be exposed to because of our interventions.

Risk Assessment and Risk Mitigation

While the ECPAT International Secretariat may not directly provide goods, services, or shelters, we implement various activities directly or with partners which involve direct or indirect contact with and the active engagement of children, including at times, survivors of child sexual exploitation. This introduces additional and specific risks, in relation to potential revictimisation, confidentiality, the lack of local support services, amongst other difficulties. These risks need to be carefully and regularly assessed in context, for all our actions and with all our partners.

To meet our child safeguarding commitments, we will conduct regular risks assessments:

- When designing new programmes, activities with children, or developing proposals for such
- Before an event or any activity in-person or online involving children
- Before signing a partnership agreement with a new partner
- When choosing a supplier for services where child sexual exploitation could occur, such as a hotel venue
- Whenever there is a sudden and dramatic change in the programme, activity, member organisation or overall socio-political context.

A standard risk assessment guidance and template can be found in Annex 2, ECPAT International Child Safeguarding Risk Assessment Guidance and Annex 2.1, ECPAT International Child Safeguarding Risk Assessment Template that needs to be completed. Risk assessments should ideally be conducted in collaboration with partners on the ground where the activity or programme takes place as they are more familiar with the contexts and can better inform the analysis. Risks assessments should also be reviewed with children when starting the activity, programme or intervention. For the purpose of supporting ECPAT International in organising child-safe in-person and online events, see Annex 3, ECPAT International Child Safe Event Checklist.

It is the responsibility of each project lead to ensure that risk assessments are conducted and regularly reviewed for projects, programmes, activities they manage and for the respective Directors to validate them. The completed risk assessments will be shared with ECPAT International’s Safeguarding Focal Point, who will monitor all safeguarding risks.

Any serious risks identified at any point in time will have to be mitigated and managed. This may include stopping or postponing the implementation of the activity, if the risk cannot be adequately managed.

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8 This list is not exhaustive, and child safeguarding risks assessments should be conducted every time we think we may put children at risk of harm.
A global child safeguarding risk assessment was conducted in 2022 to reflect on potential risks to inform the development of this policy. This was an organisation-wide child safeguarding risk assessment which will be repeated regularly and when needed to ensure we are constantly learning and adapting to our environments and programming. Broad child safeguarding risks are included in an organisation-wide Risk Register (which includes also non-safeguarding risks).

**Ensuring Child-Safe Recruitment and Procurement**

ECPAT International recognises that specific measures are needed to ensure staff and any contracted individuals or suppliers associated with ECPAT International, who may risk harming children, cannot have facilitated access to children through ECPAT International, our programmes or in the wider community where we operate. The procedures for safe recruitment and screening of ECPAT International staff and contracted individuals or suppliers aims at reducing risks of engaging persons with a history of abusive behaviour or criminal history of abusing children and contracting services from suppliers associated with sexually abusive activities involving children. ECPAT International puts in place measures including background checks and criminal history checks. This is outlined in ECPAT Child Safe Recruitment checklist developed for this purpose in Annex 4. Please refer to the ECPAT International Overall Safeguarding Procedures for more detailed guidance on ensuring child-safe recruitment of staff and other contracted individuals and organisations, including vendors and suppliers.

**Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct**

The Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct articulates ECPAT International’s expectations of the behaviours and actions of ECPAT staff and contracted individuals or suppliers at all times when engaged with the organisation, and when in contact with children, directly or indirectly, both inside and outside working hours.

The ECPAT International Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct, which forms a central part of this policy, expresses the fundamental values that drive our behaviours to ensure we aim not to harm children in any of our actions. Please refer to ECPAT International Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct. While also recognising and following national legislation, the ECPAT Child Safeguarding Policy is an internal standard which may include higher expectations for ECPAT staff and contracted individuals or suppliers than what is regulated in national laws.

It is mandatory for all ECPAT staff and contracted individuals or suppliers to follow the Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct at all times. Any staff member or other individual or supplier contracted by ECPAT International Secretariat who is found to be in breach of the Code of Conduct will face disciplinary measures, up to and including dismissal from the organisation or termination of the agreement, and referral to local authorities, if relevant.

As Child Safeguarding is everybody’s responsibility, it is mandatory for all ECPAT staff, and contracted individual or supplier to report any child safeguarding concerns they see, observe, or become aware of involving ECPAT staff and contracted individual or organisation. Failure to report a concern can also result in disciplinary measures.

The ECPAT International Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct is central to the ECPAT International Child Safeguarding policy and should always be read together with the full policy document.

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9 ECPAT International teams contributed to the development of an initial Risk Assessment in December 2022; the information in this section is drawn from this Assessment. These child safeguarding risks will be incorporated into the overall organisational Risk Register, reviewed and updated as necessary on an annual basis (minimum) going forward.

Training of ECPAT Staff and/or education of contracted individuals and suppliers

In order for the ECPAT International Child Safeguarding Policy to be properly implemented and to contribute to safeguarding children from harm, it is essential that all ECPAT staff and contracted individuals, and suppliers who may have contact with children, receive regular training on the nature and definition of child safeguarding; the content and importance of complying with the policy; the behaviours outlined in the Code of Conduct; and the importance of immediately reporting all concerns through the correct channels; the role of the Safeguarding Focal Point, how to access support and the consequences for non-compliance with the policy.

Upon recruitment, all staff and contracted individuals or suppliers will receive the Child Safeguarding Policy to read and the Code of Conduct to be signed prior to starting engagement with ECPAT. All the signed Codes of Conduct will be kept in the respective recruitment or selection file. Further information regarding child safeguarding procedures is included in the ECPAT International Overall Safeguarding Procedures.

Promoting the Child Safeguarding Policy

It is important for the children, partners, members, and communities that ECPAT International works with to also understand that ECPAT International has a Child Safeguarding Policy and a Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct that outlines expected behaviours so that they know what they can expect from someone representing ECPAT who engages with them. It is important that they can also report any child safeguarding concerns regarding the behaviour of ECPAT International staff and contracted individuals or suppliers easily and in a child-friendly manner.

ECPAT International will provide a link to its Child Safeguarding policy on its website. It will mention its Child Safeguarding policy and commitments in all job advertisements, and the policy will be attached to all contracts. ECPAT International will develop a child-friendly version of its Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct, and disseminate this information, along with guidance on how to report concerns, to all children and their parents or guardians prior to participation in any activity. ECPAT team leaders and managers will include child safeguarding as a standing agenda item in staff meetings.

Working in partnership with ECPAT members

ECPAT International is a network of member organisations working to end child sexual exploitation all over the world. This Child Safeguarding Policy refers to the ECPAT International Secretariat.

Member organisations have the best understanding of what the potential child safeguarding risks in their own programmes, activities, and environments would be. As the ECPAT International Secretariat Child Safeguarding Policy is not specific to the member organisation's own risks, it is a requirement for the ECPAT network that every member develops their own Child Safeguarding Policy, offering the same standards of protection as this one. ECPAT International will provide technical support and guidance to ECPAT members on how to conduct their own risk assessments and develop their own policies and procedures, suited to their purpose and meeting the values and mission of their own organisation, as needed.
SAFE PROGRAMME DESIGN

RESEARCH

The ECPAT International Secretariat is committed to implementing robust measures and adopting a sound ethical approach when conducting research and any associated activity that involves or concerns children, particularly given the sensitive nature of working with those who have experienced child sexual exploitation. Details can be found in the Child Safeguarding Procedures.

Communications and Social Media

As a general rule, the ECPAT International Secretariat recommends abstaining from taking recognisable images of children. There may be cases when images are taken because children wish to be publicly expressing their views for instance. This can only be done based on a thorough process explained in the Overall Safeguarding Procedures. The ECPAT International Secretariat will always take a range of precautions when sharing information, stories, images and videos about children through our internal or external communications. A key document for child safeguarding in taking images or videos when appropriately agreed upon is detailed in Annex 10, ECPAT International Consent Form for Children and Parents/Guardians on the Use of Images. This consent form must be used whenever there is an agreement that it is safe, appropriate and consented that ECPAT takes and uses an image or video of a child or young person for ECPAT International communications, fundraising, advocacy, or any other purposes. Details on the use of this form can be found in the Overall Safeguarding Procedures.

Information and Communications Technology (ICT)

Similar to Communications, there are a number of child safeguarding risks related to the use of ICT, and ECPAT seeks to ensure adequate protection from online and technology-facilitated abuse and exploitation by ECPAT staff and contracted individuals or suppliers, and across our programming, through a responsible use of our ICT facilities.

Organising events, including with partners, and government actors

Prior to any event where children may participate, ECPAT International is responsible to ensure a risk assessment for the activity has been conducted and discussed with the line manager, and possibly the Safeguarding Focal Point in case of significant risks of harm posed to children.

ECPAT International must ensure that any ECPAT partner responsible for identifying and bringing children and young people to the event have adequate child safeguarding measures in place.

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11 ECPAT International teams contributed to the development of an initial Risk Assessment in December 2022; the information in this section is drawn from this Assessment. These child safeguarding risks will be incorporated into the overall organisational Risk Register, reviewed and updated as necessary on an annual basis (minimum) going forward.

12 Annex 10, Consent Form for Children and Parents/Guardians on the Use of Images.

13 Such as computers or any device, internet access, mobile data or any ICT tool made available to staff or any contracted individual by ECPAT.
MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITIES

Safeguarding Focal Point

A **Safeguarding Focal Point** will be appointed at all times and appropriately trained and supported to implement the child safeguarding responsibilities appointed to this function.14

ECPAT Managers

One of the most important responsibilities of managers is to model, through leadership, a culture of ‘zero tolerance’ for any type of behaviour which violates the Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct. This should be done by encouraging open discussion of child safeguarding and supporting the reporting of child safeguarding concerns.

Ultimately, accountability for safeguarding rests with the Executive Director. This is from a legal, ethical, and leadership perspective. The Executive Director is therefore included in all important information regarding incidents that are reported. The Executive Director is the individual responsible for communicating with the Board and sharing information with donors, based on donor requirements for such.

Detailed responsibilities of managers and team leaders can be found in the relevant section in the ECPAT International Overall Safeguarding Procedures.

14 Annex 7, Safeguarding Focal Point.
SECTION 4:

REPORTING AND RESPONDING TO CONCERNS

Reporting concerns

It is mandatory for all ECPAT staff and contracted individuals or organisations to report within 24 hours all concerns regarding the safety and well-being of children who come into contact with ECPAT staff and contracted individuals or organisations or participate in ECPAT activities, programming and related work.\(^{15}\)

In the ECPAT International Child Safeguarding Policy and Guidance, a concern is defined as “A matter that causes feelings of unease, uncertainty, or apprehension”. The key point is that everyone associated with ECPAT International Secretariat, whether staff or other contracted individuals or suppliers, should report anything that causes them concern for the safety and wellbeing of a child associated with ECPAT.

It is not the responsibility of the person reporting to determine the nature or extent of a child safeguarding concern – this is the role of the Safeguarding Focal Point.\(^{15}\)

Responding to Concerns

The ECPAT International Secretariat takes all child safeguarding concerns very seriously and takes a survivor-centred approach to assisting victims, their families, and witnesses.

Concerns will be initially assessed and responded to by the Safeguarding Focal Point.

This implies assessing if the concern may refer to an incident of child safeguarding where a child may have been harmed or is at risk of being harmed. Incidents will be managed based on developed practices, including referral of the child concerned to external services and reporting the incident to the relevant authorities when a suspicion of a criminal offence has occurred. The Safeguarding Focal Point will immediately share incident reports with the Executive Director. All reports made will be treated seriously and addressed with utmost confidentiality at every stage.

The Executive Director will brief the Board on the general outlines of the report. Specific details of the incident will only be shared on a ‘need to know’ basis, and with minimum details. The Executive Director and the Board will be involved in approving an external investigation to be conducted, if needed. They will be kept regularly updated on the progress of reported incidents and investigations. The Safeguarding Focal Point will be responsible for referral, cooperating with the external investigator, and monitoring the situation of the victim. Further detail on raising concerns and responding can be found in the Overall Safeguarding Procedures.

Disciplinary Actions

Disciplinary actions to be taken in case of violation of the Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct will be discussed with the Human Resource Manager, the Executive Director and

\(^{15}\) Annex 8, Safeguarding Concern Reporting.
the ECPAT staff member’s direct manager, to agree on temporary measures such as paid administrative leave during the investigation or suspension of contract in case of a contracted individual or supplier. The person concerned will be officially requested to cooperate with the external investigator. Once the investigation is complete, the findings will be discussed by the Executive Director, Board, HR Manager, and Safeguarding Focal Point with the investigator.

ECPAT senior management will then decide on final disciplinary measures. If it has been confirmed that there has been a breach of the Child Safeguarding Policy or Overall Safeguarding Procedures, this will lead to disciplinary procedures which may involve termination of contracts or other consequences.

ECPAT International assures that no punitive action will be taken against those who report concerns in good faith as per our Whistleblowing Policy. However, anyone who wilfully reports using false information may be subject to possible consequences as per disciplinary procedures.
SECTION 5:

MONITORING AND REVIEW

Monitoring

Accountability goes hand in hand with child safeguarding. ECPAT is committed to ensuring that the policy is adequately implemented through a range of child safeguarding measures and will monitor, learn and reflect on the implementation of these measures. This is a critical part of ensuring our accountability to children and communities we work with and for.

Review

This policy will be reviewed every three years, or earlier if circumstances necessitate. An example of this is the COVID-19 global pandemic, which necessitated numerous programmatic changes for organisations worldwide.

The review of the Child Safeguarding Policy will be conducted through active participation of staff and where possible the views of children will be included to strengthen our approach and measures.